more on keeping soldiers in one place, where they provide daily security for the population. "They are getting into small towns more and staying for a longer period of time. That cuts down on mistakes," says Andrew Krepinevich, executive director of the Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments, a Washington defense think tank.

$\begin{array}{c} \text{BREAST CANCER AWARENESS} \\ \text{MONTH} \end{array}$

Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, I am grateful for the opportunity to discuss the importance of breast cancer awareness and to highlight Breast Cancer Awareness Month, which takes place this October.

We celebrate Breast Cancer Awareness Month every October in order to raise awareness of the disease and to stress the importance of early detection through an annual mammogram for women over 40, or earlier for women with increased risk factors. I say that we celebrate Breast Cancer Awareness Month because in my family, we truly do celebrate. Were it not for the efforts of so many fine individuals and organizations to raise awareness of this disease, my wife Barbara might not have sought early treatment and won two battles with breast cancer. Barbara's triumphs truly give our family reason to celebrate.

Yet the numbers remind us that we have more work to do. Breast cancer is the most common nonskin cancer and the second leading cause of cancer-related death among women. We know we are making strides against this disease because while the breast cancer diagnosis rate has increased, the overall breast cancer death rate has decreased. Simply put, although more women are personally fighting breast cancer, more women are winning.

One of the most effective ways for women to win their battle against breast cancer is through early detection and treatment, and highlighting this fact is a fundamental goal of Breast Cancer Awareness Month. In this spirit, Barbara and I sponsor a mammogram van every year at the South Dakota State Fair in Huron, SD. The van, which our generous sponsors help us provide free of charge, offers 2 days of free mammograms for uninsured women. We are so proud to have the opportunity to offer this important screening to so many women.

I am disappointed that the President's budget request for fiscal year 2007 does not prioritize funding for cancer programs in a way that allows us to move quickly forward in the fight against breast cancer. The President requested level funding for the National Institutes of Health, NIH, the world's largest and most distinguished organization dedicated to maintaining and improving health through medical science. This proposed budget would cut funding for 18 of the 19 Institutes at NIH, including a \$40 million cut for the National Cancer Institute.

I am pleased that the Labor, Health and Human Services and Education ap-

propriations bill approved by the Appropriations Committee, on which I serve, in July not only restored funding for the National Cancer Institute, but also included a \$9 million increase over the fiscal year 2006 level. While we must still travel a long path to passing this appropriations bill, I am committed to maintaining and, if possible, increasing this funding level.

Earlier this year, I joined 73 Senators in voting to add \$7 billion to the Labor. Health and Human Services and Education appropriations bill. Unfortunately, the fiscal year 2006 emergency supplemental bill contained a "deeming resolution" that forced the Senate to make significant spending cuts in domestic programs. As a result, on July 20, the Senate Appropriations Committee reported out a bill that is \$2 billion short of the fiscal year 2005 level. I am committed to securing the rest of the funds that so many of my colleagues and I support and to ensuring that important programs like breast cancer research and screening and treatment programs receive the benefit of these additional funds. We can only expect to conquer breast cancer and other forms of cancer if we commit the funds necessary to researching, understanding, and preventing this disease.

During the month of October, I urge my Senate colleagues, my constituents in South Dakota, and all Americans to join me in celebrating Breast Cancer Awareness Month.

BI-NATIONAL HEALTH WEEK

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I appreciate this opportunity to join my friends from across the United States, Mexico, Canada, Guatemala, and El Salvador in celebrating the 6th Annual Bi-National Health Week.

Bi-National Health Week affords us an opportunity to reflect upon the many successful efforts made here in the United States in cooperation with Mexican, Canadian, Guatemalan, and Salvadorian consulates in order to promote healthy lifestyles and well-being amongst those who might otherwise lack access to important health care services.

Bi-National Health Week originated as an effort by Mexico's Secretary of Health to direct health care services to the underserved migrant populations currently living and working in the United States. Since its inception in October 2001, the network of Mexican consulates throughout the country has partnered with U.S. Federal, State and local agencies, the Institute for Mexicans Abroad, the United States-Mexico Border Health Commission, the California-Mexico Health Initiative, and various Mexican and United States colleges and universities. These partnerships have resulted in celebrations throughout the world in an effort to empower local health clinics and community organizations to provide services to the Hispanic/Latino population. The agencies involved with the Bi-National Health week are working diligently to educate and encourage people to pursue healthy lifestyles. HIV, cholesterol, blood sugar, blood pressure, and oral screenings will be offered as examples of first-rate preventative care in order to avoid costly hospitalization and reduce future costs to the taxpayer. We must continue to work together at the Federal, State and local levels with our friends throughout the world in order to ensure that we seek every opportunity to pursue healthy lifestyles.

TRIBUTE TO FRANK IPPOLITO

Mr. CHAMBLISS. Mr. President, I am pleased to join my good friend from Iowa, the ranking minority member of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry, to salute a dedicated public servant, Mr. Frank Ippolito, who is retiring after more than 30 years of distinguished service to the U.S. Government, including 24 years at the Department of Agriculture, USDA.

As the Director of the Governmental Affairs Office at USDA's Food and Nutrition Service, FNS, Mr. Ippolito is the career civil servant responsible for communications between FNS and Congress and for coordinating logistics for hearings, briefings, and legislative policy for the Under Secretary of Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services and FNS staff.

FNS accounts for over half of USDA's annual budget. It serves a monthly average of over 25.9 million people in the Food Stamp Program, 8.22 million people in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children, WIC, and provides daily meal service to over 30.9 million students through the National School Lunch Program and 10.3 million students in the National School Breakfast Program. Mr. Ippolito is the bridge between this important agency and the Congress.

Mr. Ippolito was born and raised in Birmingham, AL. He graduated from the Birmingham Public School System in 1965, earned a B.S. in chemistry from the University of Alabama in 1969 and a law degree from the University of Alabama School of Law in 1973.

Mr. Ippolito first worked as general counsel of the Alabama Air Pollution Commission in the State capital. In 1975, he came to Washington to work for the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, now known as the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, and worked for the Social Security Administration and the U.S. Defense Investigative Agency.

In 1982, Mr. Ippolito came to FNS in the Office of Governmental Affairs as a legislative specialist. In 1988, he was named Director of Governmental Affairs, the position he has held for the past 18 years. As Director, he has provided invaluable guidance on FNS programs and activities both to the Under

Secretary and Secretary of Agriculture and to Members of Congress for five farm bills and five child nutrition and WIC reauthorizations.

Over the course of his career, Mr. Ippolito served under six Presidents and eight Secretaries of Agriculture, five Chairmen of the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Agriculture, and six chairmen of the U.S. Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

In the Senate Agriculture Committee, in exercising our jurisdiction over FNS we not only work in a bipartisan fashion, we also work closely with the administration. When writing a farm bill or child nutrition and WIC reauthorization, we often call upon FNS staff, including Mr. Ippolito, for expertise. He put in many Saturday afternoons and late nights past 2:00 a.m. during legislative discussions and negotiations because of his dedication to providing Representatives, Senators, and our staff access to the information we need to serve the American people.

I commend Mr. Frank Ippolito for his many years of dedicated service to the U.S. Government and for the outstanding work he has done throughout his distinguished career. I congratulate him on the occasion of his retirement and extend my best wishes to him and his wife, Donna, in the years ahead.

Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, I too wish to pay tribute to the accomplishments of Mr. Frank Ippolito and thank him for his many years of dedicated service to the American people and especially to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, FNS. Mr. Ippolito has done an outstanding job as the career civil servant responsible for communications between FNS and Congress. During his long tenure, this critical agency, which benefits millions of Americans, has been greatly improved.

Mr. Ippolito has crossed many a path with countless elected officials and staff over the years, and without regard to party affiliation, he has treated each and every one of us with dignity, respect, and a helpful attitude that allows the work of Government to be performed efficiently and effectively. And in addition to his professionalism and competence, he has always carried out his work with a generous spirit and a cheerful personality.

In sum, Mr. Ippolito exemplifies the very model of a public servant. Frank Ippolito reminds us that, at its best, working for the Federal Government is ultimately about working for the people of the United States. At the end of a career, all of us who have worked in the Government or elected office should ask ourselves if, as a result of our careers, the people throughout America are better off as the result of our efforts. I am confident that Frank can enter retirement after three decades secure in his knowledge that the answer to that question is an emphatic yes.

I thank Mr. Frank Ippolito for his years of extraordinary service and wish

him and his wife Donna all the best on this occasion for his retirement.

MISSED OPPORTUNITIES IN HEALTH CARE

Mr. BAUCUS. Mr. President, this Congress has made little progress on health care.

We know the problems. Health costs are rising. The number of uninsured is growing. American companies, burdened by growing health-care obligations, are struggling to compete. And what has Congress done about it? Not much.

The trends are worsening. Last month, we learned that nearly 47 million Americans lack health insurance. That is up from a bit over 40 million in 2001. Last week we learned that health insurance premiums rose 7.7 percent last year. That is twice the rate of inflation. And nearly every day, I hear from an employer concerned about the rising cost of health care.

Unfortunately, this Congress has not made progress on these top-tier health issues. Congress has not made progress even where wide agreement exists.

There is wide agreement on health information technology, or health IT. Most experts agree that smarter use of health IT would cut costs. It would increase efficiency. It would reduce medical errors. And it would save lives.

Furthermore, health IT would help us to move to system of paying health care providers for the quality of care that they provide. That is an important priority of mine.

Last November, the Senate passed a health IT bill unanimously. That was nearly 11 months ago. Yet an agreement has still not been reached with the House on a compromise health IT bill.

This bill started with broad support across the Senate. But deliberations on this bill have now turned partisan. Recently, the majority has excluded Democrats from the conference committee deliberations.

There is also wide agreement on Medicare physician reimbursements. An overwhelming majority of Senators have urged action to prevent a pending 5.1 percent cut in the Medicare physician fee schedule for 2007. And there is broad agreement on the need to start rewarding quality in Medicare. But despite agreement on both issues, Congress has yet to act.

There is also wide agreement on helping seniors confused by the new Medicare drug benefit. The new Medicare drug program imposes a penalty on those who sign up after the enrollment deadline. But the way that the Government implemented the new Medicare drug program confused seniors.

In response, Chairman GRASSLEY and I joined a wide group of Senators to introduce legislation to waive the penalty for this year. But despite broad support for this measure, it remains unaddressed

There is also wide agreement that we need to sustain important health safe-

ty net programs. In 3 months, funding for transitional medical assistance—TMA —ill expire. TMA provides temporary health coverage to low-income working parents moving from welfare to work. Without a TMA extension, nearly 800,000 working parents will lose the temporary health coverage that they need to leave welfare and lead independent lives.

There is also wide agreement that we need to enact technical corrections to last year's Deficit Reduction Act. While I did not vote for that bill, it is important that Congress clarify any misunderstandings over its intent. I know that Chairman GRASSLEY shares my interest in getting this done as soon as possible.

There is also wide agreement to support the Children's Health Insurance Program, or CHIP. CHIP has helped cut the number of uninsured kids from 10.7 million in 1997 to 8.3 million in 2005. But despite this success, 17 States face federal funding shortfalls in their CHIP programs. These shortfalls potentially jeopardize coverage for hundreds of thousands of kids. We cannot afford to lose ground in our fight to provide more health coverage for children.

There is also wide agreement that we need to improve health care in Indian Country. In June, the Finance Committee reported legislation to improve access to Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP in Indian Country. That bill is now part of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act. That bill is being held hostage by a handful of opponents on the other side.

There is no shortage of important health issues. Many health issues spark intense partisan disagreement. But that is generally not true about the ones that I just described.

That is why it is so disappointing that these issues—from Medicare physician payments to transitional Medicaid—remain unaddressed.

If we are ever going to make progress on the most difficult problems facing our health system—rising costs, the uninsured, threats to American competitiveness—we will have to work together and pass legislation. That we cannot even work together on issues with wide agreement is deeply troubling.

NATIONAL EMPLOY OLDER WORKERS WEEK

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today in recognition of National Employ Older Workers Week, celebrated September 24-30, 2006. All too often we concentrate only on the social and economic challenges that the rapidly increasing numbers of older Americans present this Nation. This week's designation provides the opportunity to highlight the vital role that older workers can and do play in fostering a competitive economy through their workplace contributions.

As the baby boomer generation has begun to reach traditional retirement